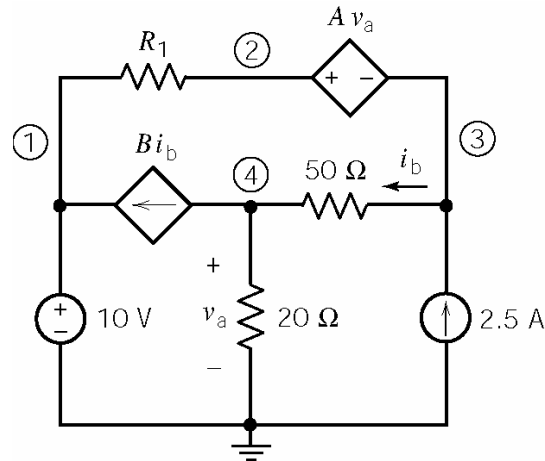


### Example

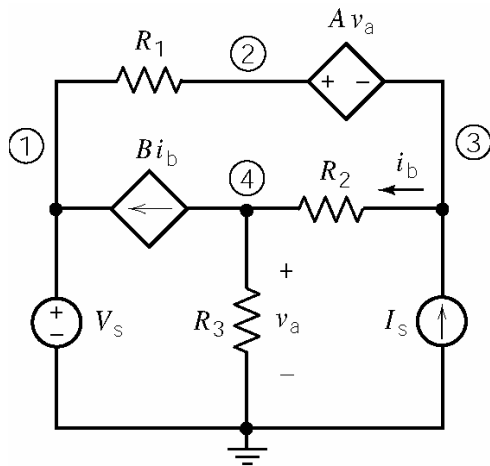


The voltages  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$ ,  $v_3$  and  $v_4$  are the node voltages corresponding to nodes 1, 2, 3 and 4. The values of these voltages are

$$v_1 = 10 \text{ V}, \quad v_2 = 75 \text{ V}, \quad v_3 = -15 \text{ V} \quad \text{and} \quad v_4 = 22.5 \text{ V}$$

Determine the values of the gains of the dependent sources,  $A$  and  $B$ , and of the resistance  $R_1$ .

### Solution:



Express the controlling voltage and current of the dependent sources in terms of the node voltages:

$$v_a = v_4 = 22.5 \text{ V}$$

and

$$i_b = \frac{v_3 - v_4}{R_2} = \frac{-15 - 22.5}{50} = -0.75$$

Express the dependent voltage source voltage in terms of the node voltages:

$$v_2 - v_3 = A v_a = A v_4$$

so

$$A = \frac{v_2 - v_3}{v_4} = \frac{75 - (-15)}{22.5} = 4 \text{ V/V}$$

Apply KCL to the supernode corresponding to the dependent voltage source

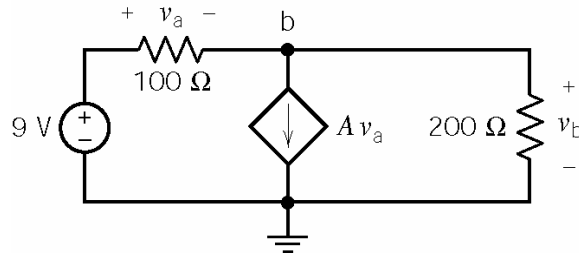
$$\frac{v_2 - v_1}{R_1} + \frac{v_3 - v_4}{R_2} = I_s \Rightarrow \frac{75 - 10}{R_1} + \frac{-15 - 22.5}{50} = 2.5 \Rightarrow R_1 = 20 \text{ } \Omega$$

Apply KCL at node 4:

$$\frac{v_3 - v_4}{R_2} = \frac{v_4}{R_3} + B \frac{v_3 - v_4}{R_2} \Rightarrow \frac{-15 - 22.5}{50} = \frac{22.5}{20} + B \frac{-15 - 22.5}{50} \Rightarrow B = 2.5 \text{ A/A}$$

### Example

The value of the node voltage at node b in the circuit is  $v_b = 18 \text{ V}$ .



- Determine the value of  $A$ , the gain of the dependent source.
- Determine the power supplied by the dependent source.

### Solution

(a) Express the controlling voltage of the dependent source in terms of the node voltages:

$$v_a = 9 - v_b$$

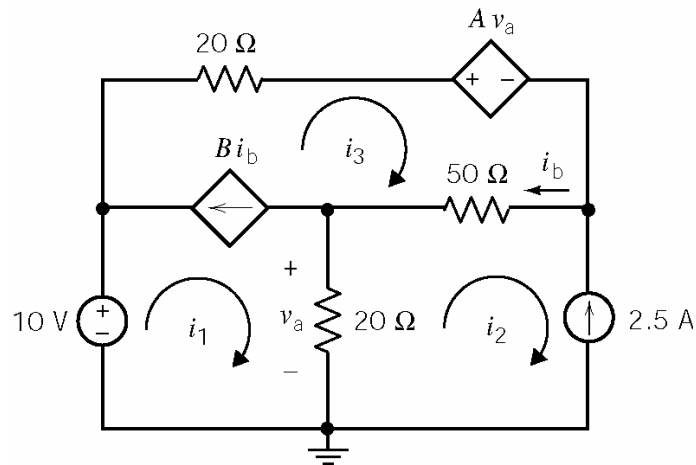
Apply KCL at node b to get

$$\frac{9 - v_b}{100} = A(9 - v_b) + \frac{v_b}{200} \Rightarrow A = \frac{18 - 3v_b}{200(9 - v_b)} = 0.02$$

(b) The power supplied by the dependent source is

$$-(Av_a)v_b = -(0.02(9 - 18))(18) = 3.24 \text{ W}$$

### Example



The currents  $i_1$ ,  $i_2$  and  $i_3$  are the mesh currents corresponding to meshes 1, 2 and 3. The values of these currents are

$$i_1 = -1.375 \text{ A}, \quad i_2 = -2.5 \text{ A} \quad \text{and} \quad i_3 = -3.25 \text{ A}$$

Determine the values of the gains of the dependent sources,  $A$  and  $B$ .

#### Solution:

Express the controlling voltage and current of the dependent sources in terms of the mesh currents:

$$v_a = 20(i_1 - i_2) = 20(-1.375 - (-2.5)) = 22.5$$

and

$$i_b = i_3 - i_2 = -3.25 - (-2.5) = -0.75 \text{ A}$$

Express the current source currents in terms of the mesh currents:

$$i_2 = -2.5 \text{ A}$$

and

$$i_3 - i_1 = Bi_b \Rightarrow -1.375 - (-2.5) = B(-0.75) \Rightarrow B = 2.5 \text{ A/A}$$

Apply KVL to the supermesh corresponding to the dependent current source

$$0 = 20i_3 + Av_a + 50i_b + v_a - 10 = 20(-3.25) + A(22.5) + 50(-0.75) + 22.5 - 10 \Rightarrow A = 4 \text{ V/V}$$