<u>Restructuring desktops to</u> <u>support prevention, detection</u> <u>and recovery</u>

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Focus on the source?

Studying and stopping deployed botnets is necessary, but hard!

Should we focus also on restructuring desktops to reduce the number of 24/7 connected, nearly idle, general purpose computing resources?

<u>Architecture to Support Prevention,</u> <u>Detection and Recovery</u>

- Desktop virtualization
 - Run guest OS of choice so Windows
- Virtual machine contracts to describe expected behavior
- Firewall VM to limit network access
- File system virtual machine to protect personal data and export it to other VMs as appropriate
 - Export what is needed with only permissions needed
 - Separate system data from personal data



Virtual Machine Contracts

- Virtual machine contracts that specify expected behavior - limit from general purpose computing device
- Examples
 - Expected rate/type of outgoing network activity
 - Open ports
 - Mount points expected into personal data store
 - Permissions on each mount point
 - Read/write rate limiting
 - Expected correlation of data access and keyboard activity
 - Resource limits
- Contracts can be inspected before running VM
 - VM's with tighter contracts that do the same job have higher value

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Questions

- Who else in LEET community or related communities interested in approaches like this to attacking botnet problem at source?
- Biggest hurdles to this approach?
 - Desktop virtualization deployment? Larger deployment
 - Single-desktop experience for users? Fusion, integration with window managers
 - Hypervisor security? Not perfect but smaller/easier to harden
 - Availability of "virtual appliances"? Appliance marketplaces
 - Speed? Fast enough for typical desktop use
 - Contract standardization? Working in standards bodies like DMTF
 - OEM deployment on this configuration?
 - Will it prevent substantial category of exploits? Better approach?